# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION**

**Product ID:** Z20496115

Product Name: Wayne Big J Foam

 Revision Date:
 Oct 08, 2021
 Date Printed:
 Oct 08, 2021

 Version:
 3.0
 Supersedes Date:
 Nov 16, 2020

Manufacturer's Name: Zenex International

Address: 1 Zenex Circle Cleveland, OH, US, 44146

Emergency Phone: 1-800-535-5053 Information Phone Number: (440)-232-4155

Fax:

Product/Recommended Uses: Foaming Degreaser/Cleaner

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas

### **Pictograms**





### **Signal Word**

Warning

### **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

#### **Hazardous Statements - Health**

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear eye protection and face protection.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

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#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

No precautionary statement available.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS							
CAS Chemical Name % By Weight							
0000106-97-8	BUTANE	1% - 5%					
0000111-76-2	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	1% - 5%					
0007320-34-5	TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	1% - 5%					
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	1% - 5%					

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). If you feel unwell/lf concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wipe off with a towel. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

### Ingestion

Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

# Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

### **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Foam, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Closed containers may explode from internal pressure build-up when exposed to extreme heat and discharge contents. Liquid content of container will not support combustion. Overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be readily apparent. Obtain medical attention. Hazardous decomposition products include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

### **Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Water may be used to cool containers to prevent pressure build-up and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear goggles and use a self-contained breathing apparatus. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

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# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Ventilate area. Remove all sources of ignition.

### **Recommended Equipment**

See section 8 for specifics on protective personal equipment (PPE).

# **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Wear safety glasses and gloves.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

### **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **General**

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use in a well-ventilated place.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

### **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Eye Protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

### **Skin Protection**

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

### **Respiratory Protection**

In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

# **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)
BUTANE								
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	240	50				1	1	
PROPANE	1800	1000					1	

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
BUTANE			1000 (EX)		CNS impair		1900	800
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	20			A3	Eye & URT irr	A3; BEI	24	5
PROPANE			Simple asphyxiant (D), explosion hazard (EX)		Asphyxia		1800	1000

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Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
BUTANE			
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER			
PROPANE			

<sup>(</sup>C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	8.46 lb/gal
Density VOC	0.68 lb/gal
% VOC	8.00%
Appearance	N.A.
Odor Threshold	N.A.
Odor Description	N.A.
рН	N.A.
Water Solubility	N.A.
Flammability	Flash point below 73°F/23°C
Flash Point Symbol	N.A.
Flash Point	N.A.
Viscosity	N.A.
Lower Explosion Level	N.A.
Upper Explosion Level	N.A.
Melting Point	N.A.
Vapor Density	N.A.
Freezing Point	N.A.
Low Boiling Point	N.A.
High Boiling Point	N.A.
Decomposition Pt	N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp	N.A.
Evaporation Rate	Slower than ether

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# **Stability**

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# **Conditions to Avoid**

High temperatures.

### **Incompatible Materials**

None known.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

None known.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Hazardous decomposition products may include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

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# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Likely Route of Exposure**

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

```
0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER
```

```
LC50 (female rat): 450 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)
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LC50 (male rat): 486 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)

LD50 (oral, male weanling rat): 3000 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, 6-week old male rat): 2400 mg/kg (1) LD50 (oral, yearling male rat): 560 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 530 mg/kg; 2500 mg/kg (1)LD50 (oral, male mouse): 1230 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 320 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (dermal, male rabbit): 406 mg/kg (cited as 0.45 mL/kg) (1)

# 0000106-97-8 BUTANE

LC50 (mouse): 202000 ppm (481000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 680 mg/L (2-hour exposure) (9)

LC50 (rat): 276000 ppm (658000 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 658 mg/L (4-hour exposure) (9)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

# **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

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# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) Transport Information**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols	Aerosols	Aerosols, non-flammable
Hazard class:	2.2	2.2	2.2
Packaging group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

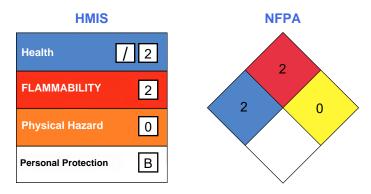
CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000106-97-8	BUTANE	1% - 5%	SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	1% - 5%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000111-76-2	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	1% - 5%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH,OSHA
0007320-34-5	TETRAPOTASSIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	1% - 5%	SARA312, TSCA
0000123-91-1	1,4-DIOXANE	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VHAPS, VOC, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, California Prop 65 Cancer, OSHA
0000075-21-8	ETHYLENE OXIDE	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VHAPS, VOC, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, California Prop 65 - Cancer - Developmental Male - Female, OSHA

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

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(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

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